





# Bilzima®

## Prophylactic information for BLITZIMA

### SCHEDULING STATUS **S4**

#### PROPRIETARY NAME AND DOSAGE FORM

**BLITZIMA 100 mg** concentrate for solution for infusion  
**BLITZIMA 500 mg** concentrate for solution for infusion

**Infection related reactions:** Infection related deaths (death within 24 hours of infusion) have been associated with rituximab. These events appear as manifestations of an infusion related complex and include hypoxia, pulmonary infections, adult respiratory distress syndrome, myocardial infarction, ventricular fibrillation or cardiogenic shock. Nearly all fatal infection related events occurred in relation to the first infusion.

**Tumour lysis syndrome (TLS):** In the setting of TLS, acute renal failure requiring dialysis, with histamines of fatal outcome, has been associated with rituximab. Assessment of renal function and serum electrolytes are indicated in patients with a rapid decrease in tumour volume (see **WARNINGS AND SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**).

#### COMPOSITION

Each vial contains 100 mg (in 10 ml) or 500 mg (in 50 ml) rituximab.

**Inactive ingredients:**

Polysorbate 80, sodium chloride, tri-sodium citrate dihydrate, water for injections.

Sugar free.

#### PHARMACOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION

A2.0 Cytotoxic agents

#### PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTION

**Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma**

Rituximab is a chimeric mouse-human monoclonal antibody that binds specifically to the trans-membrane antigen CD20.

CD20 is found on both normal and malignant B cells, but not on haematopoietic stem cells, pro-B cells, normal plasma cells or other normal tissue. This antigen does not internalise upon antibody binding and is not shed from the cell surface.

CD20 does not circulate in the plasma as a free antigen and, thus, does not contribute to antibody binding.

The Fab domain of rituximab binds to the CD20 antigen on B lymphocytes and the Fc domain can recruit immune effector functions to mediate B cell lysis. Possible mechanisms of effector-mediated cell lysis include complement-dependent cytotoxicity (CDC) resulting from C3c binding, and antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) mediated by one or more of the Fcγ receptors on natural killer (NK) cells, granulocytes, macrophages and NK cells. Rituximab binding to CD20 antigen on B lymphocytes has also been demonstrated to induce cell death via apoptosis. Rituximab binding was observed on lymphoid cells in the human, the white pulp of the spleen, and a majority of B lymphocytes in peripheral blood and lymph nodes. Lysis or no binding was observed in the non-lymphoid tissues.

In clinical studies, peripheral B cell counts declined below normal following completion of the first dose of rituximab. In patients treated for haematological malignancies, B cell recovery began within 6 months of treatment and generally returned to normal levels within 12 months after completion of therapy, although in some patients this may take longer (up to a median recovery time of 23 months post-treatment).

In patients with granulomatosis with polyangiitis or microscopic polyangiitis, the number of peripheral blood B cells decreased to <10 cells/μl after two weekly infusions of rituximab 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup>, and remained at that level in most patients in the 6 months after the last infusion. In patients with TLS, B cell counts showed signs of B cell return, with counts >10 cells/μl after 12, increasing to 87% of patients by month 18.

**Pharmacokinetic properties**

**Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma**

Based on a population pharmacokinetic analysis in 298 NHL patients who received single or multiple infusions of rituximab as a single agent or in combination with CHOP therapy (applied rituximab doses ranged from 100 to 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup>), the typical population estimate for rituximab clearance (CL) is specific clearance (CL<sub>sp</sub>) being contributed by 3 cells or tumour burden and central compartment volume of distribution (V<sub>d</sub>) were 0.14 l/kg, 0.59 l/kg, and 2.7 l/kg, respectively. The estimated terminal elimination half-life of rituximab was determined to be 58.1 to 243.9 days.

Baseline CYP19-positive cell counts and size of measurable tumour lesions contributed to some of the variability in CL<sub>sp</sub> of rituximab in data from 161 patients given 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> as an intravenous infusion for 4 weekly doses.

Age, gender and WHO performance status had no effect on the pharmacokinetics of rituximab. This analysis suggests that dose adjustment of rituximab with any of the tested covariates is not expected to result in a meaningful reduction in pharmacokinetic variability.

Rituximab, administered as an intravenous infusion at a dose of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> at weekly intervals for 4 doses to 203 patients with NHL, naive to rituximab, yielded a mean CL<sub>sp</sub> following the fourth infusion of 486 mg/m<sup>2</sup> (range 7.75 to 586.0 mg/m<sup>2</sup>). Rituximab was administered in the same CL<sub>sp</sub> range 3–6 months after completion of first infusion.

Upon administration of rituximab at a dose of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> as an intravenous infusion at weekly intervals for 7.5 to 37 patients with NHL, the mean CL<sub>sp</sub> increased to 586 mg/m<sup>2</sup> (range 10.5 to 1040 mg/m<sup>2</sup>).

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